

Website Accessibility Features



Page Reader: Reads on-screen text aloud in a clear voice, assisting users with disabilities, particularly those who are blind or partially sighted, to understand page content without relying on visual reading.



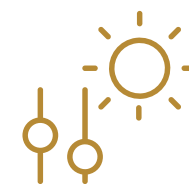
Sign Language: Provides real-time translation of written content into sign language, supporting deaf and hard-of-hearing users and enabling easy access to digital information and services.



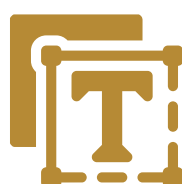
Cursor: Allows users to enlarge the cursor or change its colour to improve visibility during browsing, making it easier for those with visual impairments or concentration difficulties to track it on screen.



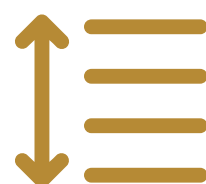
Page Contrast: Enhances the contrast between text and background, improving readability for users who have difficulty distinguishing colours or who have low vision.



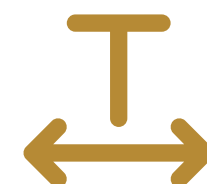
Saturation Control: Enables users to adjust colour saturation levels, offering a more comfortable visual experience for those sensitive to strong colours or with colour perception difficulties.



Simple Font: Displays text in clear, easy-to-read, non-decorative fonts, making content more accessible to a wide range of users, particularly those with dyslexia.



Line Spacing: Increases the space between lines of text, reducing eye strain and helping users follow content more easily without visual crowding.



Letter Spacing: Allows adjustment of spacing between letters within words, improving clarity and reducing visual confusion, particularly for users with learning difficulties or dyslexia.



Visual Impairment: Provides tailored settings such as content enlargement, colour enhancement, and improved text clarity to help users with low vision interact with the website more effectively.



Dyslexia: Offers supportive tools such as dyslexia-friendly fonts, enhanced contrast, and adjusted letter spacing to improve readability and reduce eye strain.



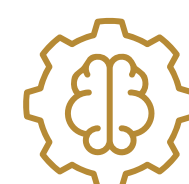
ADHD (Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder): Minimises distracting elements such as animations and motion, presenting content in a structured way that supports focus and reduces distraction.



Seizure and Epilepsy: Disables flashing effects and rapid animations that may trigger seizures or visual strain, ensuring a safer browsing experience for affected users.



Colour Blindness: Applies alternative colour schemes suited to different types of colour blindness (e.g. red-green or blue-yellow), ensuring content remains clear and accessible to all users.



Cognitive Disabilities: Provides a simplified interface with clear icons and visual cues, supporting users with learning difficulties or cognitive impairments in navigating and understanding information easily.